

Town of Hilton Head Island FINANCE & ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE MEETING 1 Town Center Court, Hilton Head Island, SC Benjamin M. Racusin Council Chambers Tuesday, July 18, 2023, 1:00 PM

The meeting can be viewed on the <u>Town's YouTube Channel</u>, the <u>Beaufort County</u> <u>Channel</u>, and Spectrum Channel 1304.

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. FOIA Compliance: Public notification of this meeting has been published, posted, and distributed in compliance with the South Carolina Freedom of Information Act and the requirements of the Town of Hilton Head Island.
- 3. Adoption of the Agenda
- 4. Approval of the Minutes None
- 5. Appearance by Citizens: Citizens who wish to address the Committee on the matters being discussed during the meeting may do so by submitting the <u>Request</u> to Speak form by 12:00 PM the day of the meeting.

6. New Business

- **a.** Presentation of Preliminary Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Information John Troyer, Finance Director
- b. Consideration of an Ordinance Authorizing and Directing the Town of Hilton Head Island to Enter into an Intergovernmental Agreement Relating to South Carolina Local Revenue Services; to Participate in one or more Local Revenue Service Programs; to Execute and Deliver one or more Participant Program Supplements; and Other Matters Relating Thereto – John Troyer, Director of Finance
- 7. Adjournment



TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND

Finance & Administrative Committee

TO:	Finance and Administrative Committee
FROM:	John M. Troyer, Finance Director
CC:	Marc Orlando, ICMA-CM, Town Manager
DATE:	July 5, 2023
SUBJECT:	Presentation of Preliminary Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Information

RECOMMENDATION:

Town staff recommends the Finance and Administrative Committee hear and discuss the financial update presented by the Finance Director.

BACKGROUND:

The Finance Director seeks to keep the Finance and Administrative Committee up-todate on the Town's financial status and financial activity. The financial update by the Finance Director to the Finance and Administrative Committee has proven to be a useful method to keep the Finance and Administrative Committee informed and prepared to take any action that may be required.

SUMMARY:

The Finance Director will provide the Finance and Administrative Committee an update on the Town's financial status and financial activity through "preclose" June 2023.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. PowerPoint: Presentation of Preliminary Fiscal Year 2023 Financial Information

Attachment 1

Town of Hilton Head Island Financial Update

Finance and Administrative Committee | For the twelve months ending June 30, 2023 (without accruals)



Key Issues

The Town is . . .

- Monitoring revenues
- Controlling expenditures
- Adjusting where necessary



- This is almost a full year we are starting to get a picture how the fiscal year will finish
- So far: Revenues on track to provide for the budget
- So far: Expenditures on track to finish within budget we may need some reclassifications to finish the year.

Key Issues

The Town is



continuing to benefit from Town Council's previous actions to:

- 1. Build Reserves
- 2. Diversify Revenue streams
- 3. Invest in the Island

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Revenue Review

Top 10 revenues in FY 2022 compared to FY 2021

Revenue Item	FY 2022	FY 2021	Inc. (Dec.) in \$	Inc. (Dec in %	.)
Business Licenses Local	7,168,807	5,255,705	1,913,102	36.4%	#1 All-time best
Bus. Licenses State/MASC	6,915,563	5,188,526	1,727,037	33.3%	#1 All-time best
Business Licenses (total)	14,110,311	10,455,636	3,654,675	35.0%	#1 All-time best
Hospitality Tax	9,907,025	8,051,256	1,855,769	23.0%	#1 All-time best
Property Taxes	26,897,529	26,151,026	746,503	2.9%	#1 All-time best
Beach Fee	14,053,062	11,123,801	2,929,261	26.3%	#1 All-time best
Local Accomodations Tax	7,026,531	5,561,090	1,465,441	26.4%	#1 All-time best
Tax Increment Financing	5,792,527	5,361,900	430,627	8.0%	#1 Since the extension
Emergency Medical Services	2,016,643	1,776,344	240,299	13.5%	#1 All-time best
Real Estate Transfer Fee	6,957,245	7,127,885	(170,640)) -2.4%	2nd Best All-time
State Accomodations Tax	13,569,288	10,183,479	3,385,809	33.2%	_#1 All-time best
Subtotal	100,330,161	85,792,417	14,537,744	16.9%	



Fiscal 2022 was an **exceptional** year financially.

Our expectations for 2023 are much more **moderate** – back to a more "**normal**" year.

Town of Hilton Head Island



June preliminary* results:

* Most revenues received in July relate to June 30th or earlier. For instance, a restaurant collects HTAX all month of June – then files an HTAX return in July for June. This will count as June (Fiscal 2023) collections for us. Not all information has been received yet to record for monthly closing yet -- look for the monthly report – coming soon. 5

General Fund Revenues

Revenues by month





Any individual month can be up or down.

2023 – a bit of a "mixed bag" after the strong collections of the last two years.

It seems this is back to more "normal"

January through May has been strong.

June is still in process . . .

General Fund Revenues

YTD Revenues by month





2023 – Collections are more than last year.

We are on the home stretch of the fiscal year – but not quite finished.

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Revenue Preview

Year to Date Collections

	YTD	YTD	\$	%
	June	June	Increase	Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Tax Increment Financing	6,418,423	5,792,527	625,896	10.8%
Local ATAX	4,997,789	7,026,531	(2,028,742)	-28.9%
State ATAX	8,227,757	13,569,288	(5,341,531)	-39.4%
Real Estate Transfer Fee	4,468,221	6,957,245	(2,489,024)	-35.8%
HTAX	8,009,664	9,907,025	(1,897,361)	-19.2%
Beach Preservation Fee	9,995,578	14,053,062	(4,057,484)	-28.9%
Electric Franchise Fee	2,586,120	2,707,124	(121,004)	-4.5%
Road Usage Fee	10,545	357,960	(347,415)	-97.1%
Stormwater	5,056,005	5,081,075	(25,070)	-0.5%
Property Taxes - General Fund	17,095,494	16,372,284	723,210	4.4%
Business licenses	12,690,924	14,110,311	(1,419,387)	-10.1%
EMS revenues	2,014,625	2,016,643	(2,018)	-0.1%
Permits	1,439,220	2,001,045	(561,825)	-28.1%
Total	83,010,365	99,952,120	(16,941,755)	-16.9%



Remember 2023 is not complete yet and 2022 was a record year.

The increase in interest rates has affected RETF and permits.

PY Business license amounts include a onetime off-schedule payment from the state.

The Road Usage fee has been paused.

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Revenue Preview

Fiscal 2023 Collections should exceed 2021, but maybe not 2022

	YTD	Full Fiscal	%	Full Fiscal
	June	Collections	of Total	Collections
	FY 23	FY 2022	Collections	FY 2021
Tax Increment Financing	6,418,423	5,792,527	111%	5,361,090
Local ATAX	4,997,789	7,026,531	71%	5,561,900
State ATAX	8,227,757	13,569,288	61%	10,183,480
Real Estate Transfer Fee	4,468,221	6,957,245	64%	7,127,885
HTAX	8,009,664	9,907,025	81%	8,051,256
Beach Preservation Fee	9,995,578	14,053,062	71%	11,123,801
Electric Franchise Fee	2,586,120	2,707,124	96%	2,811,144
Road Usage Fee	10,545	357,960	3%	1,055,675
Stormwater	5,056,005	5,081,075	100%	5,043,167
Property Taxes - General Fund	17,095,494	16,372,285	104%	15,925,355
Business licenses	12,690,924	14,110,311	90%	10,455,636
EMS revenues	2,014,625	2,016,643	100%	1,776,344
Permits	1,439,220	2,001,045	72%	2,125,382
Total	83,010,365	99,952,121	83.1%	86,602,115



Remember 2022 was a record year.

June 2023 is not finished yet.

The increase in interest rates has affected RETF and permits.

PY Business license amounts include a one-time off-schedule payment from the state.

Road Usage fee has been paused.

Revenue Preview

Collected / Yet to Collect





This is to get to last year's totals.

The Town should finish above 2021 and probably less than 2022 totals.

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Property Taxes

Split of collections





The Millage rate is:

General Fund 17.2 Debt Payments <u>5.9</u>

Total

23.1

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Gen. Fund Property Taxes

By the numbers . . .

	2021	2022	June 2023	as a % of PY 22
	Actual	Actual	YTD Actual	Actual
Budgeted Funds	71010101			
General Fund	15,925,355	16,372,285	17,095,494	104.4%
Debt Service	5,448,437	5,600,014	5,851,437	104.5%
Total Budgeted Funds	21,373,792	21,972,299	22,946,931	104.4%
Other Funds				
Natural Disaster Fund	4,777,234	4,925,232	137,592	2.8%
TIF	5,361,090	5,792,527	6,418,423	110.8%
Total Property Taxes	31,512,116	32,690,058	29,502,946	90.3%
Stormwater Fees	4,928,623	5,081,075	5,056,005	99.5%



Property tax collections have already met budget for the year.

With the expiration of the Disaster millage – collections are less than FY 22.

Stormwater is 99.5% collected.

Gen. Fund Property Taxes

Statistics





The property taxes are virtually all collected for this fiscal year.

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Beach Fees

Collections by month





Collections in 2021 and 2022 were surprisingly good.

What will the total for June collections be ...?

Beach Fee

YTD Collections





June collections are not all in yet.

You can see how important June collections are to the total.

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Beach Fee

YTD Collections





There are significant collections yet to come for June...

Collections are already above Fiscal 2020, but less than Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2022.



Real Estate Transfer Fee

Collections by month





Collections in 2022 and 2021 – are hard to compete with . . .

A familiar message on RETF:

Less than FY 21 and FY 22 – But more than FY 20.

Interest rates are up.

Real Estate Transfer Fee

YTD Collections





There is one more payment to receive this year.

RETF YTD is less than RETF for Prior two YTD . . .

Still more than FY 20 –

which was a "normal year."

Hospitality Tax Collections

Collections by month





Hospitality taxes:

Generally quarterly collections

Based on collections on prepared food and beverages

Hospitality Tax Collections

YTD Collections by month





YTD Hospitality tax collections have been slightly ahead of last year . . . And the two previous . . .

Most of June is still outstanding

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Short Term Rentals – by the numbers . . .

STRs by the numbers as of June 30, 2023:

We have received 6,622 STR Permit applications so far this year.

There have been over 31,000 listings on the island with 14,000 total active STR Listings.

Remember – one property can be listed with several platforms.

GovOS team remains very busy monitoring and identifying properties. The identification process is tedious at best.



Short Term Rentals (STR) permit fees were effective January 1, 2023.

These numbers do NOT include approximately 3,000 timeshares.

Business licenses were due by April 30th

Comparisons of Collections – Local





A good trend, but not finished . . .

Comparisons of Collections – Local





A good trend, but not finished . . .

Comparisons of Collections – State (MASC)





2022 had an off-schedule payment in August

2021 had an off-schedule payment in September

These were anomalies.

June is the significant month.

Comparisons of Collections – Local and State (MASC)





2022 had an off-schedule payment in August

This was an anomaly.

June is unfinished and the significant month for State collections.

Interest Earnings

(In millions)





The Town has worked diligently to maximize funds invested daily.

The Town has looked for opportunities to pair with the LGIP

The hard work of preparation met the opportunity of recent Fed action.

Interest earnings are credited to the funds based on balances and make each category of funds go further.

Monthly Spending by Year





These amounts are consistent with our expectations –

(our annual budget is \$49.9 million)

June bills are still posted in July.

June the time we convert from primarily cash basis to accrual basis.

Year to Date Spending by Year





YTD spending of \$37,552,417 is 75.3% of Budget

These amounts are consistent with our expectations.

In recent years, there was some hesitation due to revenue uncertainty.

Year to Date Spending by Category to PYD

	YTD	YTD	\$	%
	June	June	Increase	Increase
	FY 23	FY 22	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Town Council/Manager	1,970,254	1,726,571	243,683	14.1%
Administrative/Legal	5,414,600	5,063,347	351,253	6.9%
Finance	2,371,490	2,016,665	354,825	17.6%
Community Development	3,474,105	3,112,847	361,258	11.6%
Public Projects and Facilities	7,309,465	7,286,800	22,665	0.3%
Sheriff and Beach Services	2,879,707	2,520,710	358,997	14.2%
Fire Rescue	17,939,332	16,730,630	1,208,702	7.2%
Townwide	4,516,325	5,183,959	(667,634)	-12.9%
Transfers / Acccruals	-	-	-	
Total General Fund Spending	45,875,278	43,641,529	2,233,749	5.1%



The General Fund is the Town's basic operations . . .

These amounts are before all bills are posted – last month increase was 13.4%.

Year to Date Spending to Budget

	YTD	Amended		Actual
	June	Budget	Remaining	As a %
	FY 23	2023	Budget	of Budget
Town Council/Manager	1,970,254	2,042,142	71,888	96.5%
Administrative/Legal	5,414,600	5,657,980	243,380	95.7%
Finance	2,371,490	2,339,132	(32,358)	101.4%
Community Development	3,474,105	4,017,784	543,679	86.5%
Public Projects and Facilities	7,309,465	8,184,772	875,307	89.3%
Sheriff and Beach Services	2,879,707	3,042,480	162,773	94.6%
Fire Rescue	17,939,332	19,481,538	1,542,206	92.1%
Townwide	4,516,325	5,095,588	579,263	88.6%
	-		-	n/a
Total General Fund Spending	45,875,278	49,861,416	3,986,138	92.0%



Spending 92.0% of budget before accruals are posted.

These amounts are consistent with our expectations and the budget.

We expect the budget to be nearly fully utilized this year. **Town of Hilton Head Island**

General Fund Activity

We funded operations and set aside some reserves.



General Fund

Monthly net revenues and expenditures





This schedule shows the traditional temporary draw from reserves until taxes are received.

These amounts are consistent with our expectations and the budget.

This chart shows the normal reversal to the positive near February.

General Fund

Monthly YTD revenues and expenditures





The Town can add to (deduct from) reserves each month depending on the timing of collections and operations.

In February, our YTD revenues exceeded expenditures.

This pattern emphasizes one need for fund balances (7 months temporarily in the red) Town of Hilton Head Island

Debt Service Fund Activity

We have provided for our debt payments.



	YTD			
	June	The principal scheduled to be paid is:		
	FY 23	General Government	\$15,545,000	
Revenues for Debt Payments	20,098,132	Stormwater Debt	<u>1,205,000</u>	
Actual Debt Payments	19,362,930	Total	<u>\$16,750,000</u>	
	735,202	This activity also contributes to readine a. hurricanes, or b. economic downturns, or c. the future of the Town		
		34		
Town of Hilton Head Island

We provided Stormwater services

Stormwater Services Fund Activity includes:



Net SWU Activity

We made progress on the CIP

For the Capital Improvements Plan

Beach Management
Pathway Management
Roadway Management
Park Management
Facility & Equipment Management
Fleet Management
Land Acquisition
Stormwater
Housing

Budget

2,850,000
4,724,000
8,153,842
13,795,235
5,472,650
8,166,945
300,000
830,000
1,379,261





https://www.hiltonheadislandsc.gov/cip/

Total CIP

45,671,933

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Revenue Trends (in millions)

Revenues rebounded from initial COVID shutdowns





A special thank you to the Revenue Services personnel in the Finance Department for another strong collection year!

Revenue Trends (in millions)

Revenues rebounded from initial COVID shutdowns





\$83.0 million collected YTD

From these 13 revenues.

A special thank you to the Revenue Services personnel in the Finance Department for another strong collection year!

Fund Trends

2022 The Town added fund balances mainly to provide for CIP projects in process.

	Revenues	Expenditures	Ending	Changes
2022	+ Other	'+ Other	Fund	in Fund
Fund	Sources	Uses	Balance	Balance
General	47,028,374	43,641,527	29,062,865	3,386,847
Tax Increment Financing	5,811,540	5,561,934	4,217,187	249,606
State ATAX	13,582,415	10,210,456	10,387,797	3,371,959
Real Estate Transfer Fee	7,004,356	1,257,969	16,722,324	5,746,387
Beach Preservation Fee	14,053,062	5,088,550	27,582,261	8,964,512
Hospitality Fee	9,907,025	2,326,712	19,568,949	7,580,313
Debt Service	19,474,692	19,330,665	11,239,657	144,027
Capital Projects	8,576,150	7,554,151	8,796,482	1,021,999
Natural Disasters	5,914,554	3,535,665	36,356,182	2,378,889
Non-Major Governmental Funds	4,127,549	3,594,956	15,106,885	532,593
Total Governmental Funds	135,479,717	102,102,585	179,040,589	33,377,132



The current year budget for CIP was originally \$45 million and amended to \$52 million – with carry over and land purchases.

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Fund Trends

2023 The Town added fund balances mainly to provide for CIP projects in process.

			Revenues	Expenditures	Ending	Changes
2023		% of	+ Other	'+ Other	Fund	in Fund
Fund		Prior Year	Sources	Uses	Balance	Balance
General		111%	52,371,343	45,875,278	35,558,930	6,496,065
Tax Increment Financi	ng	114%	6,624,021	5,040,205	5,801,003	1,583,816
State ATAX		63%	8,575,873	9,984,473	8,979,197	(1,408,600)
Real Estate Transfer F	ee	72%	5,009,947	8,859,132	12,873,139	(3,849,185)
Beach Preservation Fe	e	75%	10,552,043	6,661,706	31,472,598	3,890,337
Hospitality Fee		86%	8,478,400	6,987,295	21,060,054	1,491,105
Debt Service		104%	20,191,285	19,362,930	12,068,012	828,355
Capital Projects		165%	14,132,070	17,582,541	5,346,011	(3,450,471)
Natural Disasters		26%	1,515,871	3,573,211	34,298,842	(2,057,340)
Non-Major Government	tal Funds	289%	11,937,628	5,379,367	21,665,146	6,558,261
Total Governmental Fu	nds	103%	139,388,481	129,306,138	189,122,932	10,082,343



The new CIP anticipates \$22 million carry forward.

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Town of Hilton Head Island

Fund Trends

2023 The Town added fund balances mainly to provide for CIP projects in process.

				Preliminary
				June 30, 2023
Fund Bala	ances			
Total Gov	ernmental	Funds		189,122,932
Amounts	to be pres	erved:		
General			35,558,930	
Debt			12,068,012	
Disasters			34,298,842	
	Total Amo	unts to be pre	served	81,925,784
Amounts	to be used	for CIP:		
		TIF	5,801,003	
		Beach Fee	31,472,598	
		HTAX	21,060,054	
		CIP	5,346,011	
		Electric FF	13,256,113	
		Road Usage	2,493,130	
				79,428,909
Amounts	to be used	for other pu	rposes:	
Others		State ATAX	8,979,197	
		RETF	12,873,139	
		Grants	597,335	
		Fed Grants	(70,750)	
		GGCDC	5,389,318	
				27,768,239
Total Gov	ernmental	Funds		189,122,932



The CIP this year of \$32 million plus the expected \$35 million upcoming Beach Renourishment total \$67 million coming from the CIP funds.

This schedule is designed summarize information similar to what was presented on pages 40 and 41 of our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of 2022.

Budget Summary

Investing in the Island – through the CIP





The Debt burden is modest.

Since this time, the Town has added the Gullah Geechee Neighborhood Community Development fund and the Housing fund.

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In summary:

Our 2023 results are looking to finish favorably:

- 1. Revenues seem to mostly hold on to 2022 levels
- 2. Town operations are within budget
- 3. Capital Plan is moving forward investing in the Island
- 4. The Town continues to reduce its debt
- 5. Temporarily added to fund balance in FY 2022 for CIP investments in 2023 and 2024
- 6. We will add to the General Fund Balance on June 30, 2023, when all receipts and invoices are in.



Key Issues

Our financial updates will continue to:

1. Keep Town Council informed.

2. Facilitate timely responses (if needed).

3. Revenues have provided for operations.

4. Revenues have provided for CIP to move forward.

5. Expenditures are within budget expectations.



Looking ahead:

- 1. We will continue to monitor and report FY 2023 spending and revenues.
- 2. The Town Council has adopted the FY 2024 budget.
- 3. We will keep Town Council up-to-
- 44 date on financial status.

Comments or Questions?

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For more information

Be sure to check the monthly financial statements and the Annual Reports on the Town's website!



TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND

Finance & Administrative Committee

TO:	Finance & Administrative Committee
FROM:	John Troyer, Finance Director
CC:	Marc Orlando, Town Manager
DATE: SUBJECT:	July 11, 2023 Consideration of an Ordinance Authorizing and Directing the Town of Hilton Head Island to Enter into an Intergovernmental Agreement Relating to South Carolina Local Revenue Service Programs; to Execute and Deliver one or more Participant Program Supplements; and Other Matters Relating Thereto

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Finance and Administrative Committee consider the proposed ordinance amending Title 10, Sec. 10-1-220, and Sec.10-1-230, of the Municipal Code of the Town of Hilton Head Island updating the ordinances and agreements by which the Town may participate in the Municipal Association's Local Revenue Service collection programs and forward a recommendation to Town Council.

BACKGROUND:

For many years the Town has participated in the Municipal Association's collection programs for certain business license taxes. These programs include the Insurance Tax Collection Program, the Brokers Tax Collection Program, and the Telecommunications Tax Collection Program. The Municipal Association has collectively rebranded these program as Local Revenue Services and has renamed the three business license programs as the Insurance Tax Program (ITP), the Brokers Tax Program (BTP), and the Telecommunication Tax Program (TTP).

In addition, by Act 176 of 2020 (The Business License Standardization Act, found at S.C. Code Sec. 6-1-400 to -420), the General Assembly standardized business licensing in the State of South Carolina. Following the adoption of this Act, the Municipal Association provided a revised business license ordinance based on Act 176 and the new model ordinance.

As a result of the Local Revenue Services rebranding and the adoption of new local business license ordinances under Act 176, the Association is required to update the ordinance and agreement by which the Town may participate in Local Revenue Services.

SUMMARY:

The updated ordinance, agreement, and supplement will not substantially change the operation of the Local Revenue Services programs for the Town. The Municipal Association will continue to administer and collect business license taxes within ITP, BTP, and TTP. The rates for the Municipal Association's services will remain the same as they are now. The distributions of collected amounts will be made in the same manner and at approximately the same times as they are now.

The substantial changes to the Local Revenue Services programs are as follows:

- The new agreement is an intergovernmental agreement among all the participating governments, rather than a series of standalone agreements.
- Local Revenue Services will act in its own name as a division of the Municipal Association and will be governed by a committee of the Municipal Association's Board of Directors.
- The terms on which the Municipal Association is delegated the authority to resolve litigation on behalf of its members have been clarified.
- An appeals process, as required by and consistent with Act 176, has been formally adopted.

A presentation will be provided at the Finance & Administrative Committee meeting.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Proposed Ordinance 2023-15
- 2. Local Revenue Services Agreement
- 3. Local Revenue Services Participant Program Supplement
- 4. PowerPoint: Municipal Association's Local Revenue Service Collection Programs

Ordinance No. _____

AN ORDINANCE

AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND TO ENTER INTO AN INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT RELATING TO SOUTH CAROLINA LOCAL REVENUE SERVICES; TO PARTICIPATE IN ONE OR MORE LOCAL REVENUE SERVICE PROGRAMS; TO EXECUTE AND DELIVER ONE OR MORE PARTICIPANT PROGRAM SUPPLEMENTS; AND OTHER MATTERS RELATING THERETO.

WHEREAS, the Town of Hilton Head Island (the "<u>Municipality</u>") is authorized by S.C. Code Section 5-7-30 and Title 6, Chapter 1, Article 3 to impose a business license tax on gross income;

WHEREAS, under State law, certain business license taxes are applicable in a manner or at a rate that applies throughout the State ("<u>Statewide Business License Taxes</u>");

WHEREAS, such Statewide Business License Taxes include without limitation the business license taxes applicable to insurers under Title 38, Chapter 7 of the S.C. Code; to brokers under Title 38, Chapter 45 of the S.C. Code; and to telecommunications companies under Title 58, Chapter 9, Article 20 of the S.C. Code;

WHEREAS, the Municipal Association of South Carolina (the "<u>Association</u>") has previously established local revenue service programs in which the Association administers Statewide Business License Taxes on behalf of and for the benefit of participating municipalities;

WHEREAS, such local revenue service programs include a program known as the Insurance Tax Program ("<u>ITP</u>") that administers business license taxes applicable to insurers under Title 38, Chapter 7 of the S.C. Code; a program known as the Brokers Tax Program ("<u>BTP</u>") that administers business license taxes applicable to brokers under Title 38, Chapter 45 of the S.C. Code; and a program known as the Telecommunications Tax Program ("<u>TTP</u>") that administers business license taxes applicable to telecommunications companies under Title 58, Chapter 9, Article 20 of the S.C. Code;

WHEREAS, the Municipality currently participates in ITP, BTP, and TTP;

WHEREAS, by Act No. 176 of 2020, known as the South Carolina Business License Tax Standardization Act and codified at S.C. Code Sections 6-1-400 to -420 (the "<u>Standardization</u> <u>Act</u>"), the South Carolina General Assembly imposed additional requirements and conditions on the administration of business license taxes;

WHEREAS, following the enactment of the Standardization Act, the Municipality enacted Ordinance No. 2021-16 on September 21, 2021, in order to comply with the requirements of the Standardization Act (the "<u>Current Business License Ordinance</u>");

WHEREAS, in connection with the enactment of the Standardization Act and the adoption of locally compliant business license ordinances, the municipalities of the State have determined that it would be advisable and prudent to update the existing local revenue service programs;

WHEREAS, in particular, the municipalities of the State have determined to establish and join South Carolina Local Revenue Services ("<u>LRS</u>") by intergovernmental agreement, which among other things will administer Statewide Business License Taxes on behalf of its participants, including but not limited to by continuing to offer the services provided by the ITP, BTP, and TTP;

WHEREAS, Article VIII, Section 13(A) of the South Carolina Constitution provides that "(a)ny county, incorporated municipality, or other political subdivision may agree with the State or with any other political subdivision for the joint administration of any function and exercise of powers and the sharing of the costs thereof;"

WHEREAS, the Town of Hilton Head Island Council of the Municipality (the "<u>Council</u>") now wishes to authorize and direct the Municipality to join LRS and to participate in one or more local revenue service programs;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Mayor and Council of the Town of Hilton Head Island, as follows:

SECTION 1. Direction to Apply to and Join LRS. The form of the Local Revenue Services Agreement (the "<u>Agreement</u>") pursuant to which a municipality may request to participate in LRS and, if approved, become a participant is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>. The Town Manager (the "<u>Executive Officer</u>") is hereby authorized and directed to apply to participate in LRS. If the Municipality's application is approved by LRS, then the Executive Officer shall execute and deliver a counterpart to the Agreement in substantially the form attached hereto. The Council hereby approves the terms and conditions of and agrees to comply with the Agreement upon the execution and delivery thereof by the Executive Officer.

SECTION 2. Participation in Local Revenue Service Programs. The Council determines that, if admitted to LRS, the Municipality will participate in the ITP, the BTP, and the TTP. The Executive Officer is hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver any required Participant Program Supplements (as such term is defined in the Agreement) as may be necessary to participate in such local revenue service programs.

SECTION 3. Business License Taxes Applicable to Insurance Companies. Notwithstanding anything in the Current Business License Ordinance to the contrary, the following provisions shall apply to insurance companies subject to Title 38, Chapter 7 of the S.C. Code.

a) Except as set forth below, "gross premiums" for insurance companies means gross premiums written for policies for property or a risk located within the municipality. In addition, "gross premiums" shall include premiums written for policies that are sold, solicited, negotiated, taken, transmitted, received, delivered, applied for, produced or serviced by (1) the insurance company's office located in the municipality, (2) the insurance company's employee conducting business within the municipality, or (3) the office of the insurance company's licensed or appointed producer (agent) conducting business within the municipality, regardless of where the property or risk is located, provided no tax has been paid to another municipality in which the property or risk is located based on the same premium.

- b) As to fire insurance, "gross premiums" means gross premiums (1) collected in the municipality, and/or (2) realized from risks located within the limits of the municipality.
- c) As to bail bonds, "gross premiums" shall exclude any amounts retained by a licensed bail bondsman as defined in Title 38, Chapter 53 of the S.C. Code for authorized commissions, fees, and expenses.
- d) Gross premiums shall include all business conducted in the prior calendar year. Gross premiums shall include new and renewal business without deductions for any dividend, credit, return premiums, or deposit.
- e) Solicitation for insurance, receiving or transmitting an application or policy, examination of a risk, collection or transmitting of a premium, adjusting a claim, delivering a benefit, or doing any act in connection with a policy or claim shall constitute conducting business within the municipality, regardless of whether or not an office is maintained in the municipality.
- f) The business license tax for insurance companies under Title 38, Chapter 7 of the S.C. Code shall be established at the rates set forth below. Declining rates shall not apply.

NAICS Code

524113	Life, Health, and Accident. 0.75% of Gross Premiums.
524126	Fire and Casualty. 2% of Gross Premiums.
524127	Title Insurance. 2% of Gross Premiums.

g) License taxes for insurance companies shall be payable on or before May 31 in each year without penalty. The penalty for delinquent payments shall be 5% of the tax due per month, or portion thereof, after the due date until paid.

SECTION 4. Business License Tax Applicable to Brokers. Title 38, Chapter 45 of the S.C. Code (the "<u>Brokers Act</u>") establishes a blended premium tax rate applicable to brokers of 6 percent, comprising a 4 percent State premium tax and a 2 percent municipal premium tax, each to be collected by the South Carolina Department of Insurance. Pursuant to §§ 38-45-10 and 38-45-60 of the Brokers Act, the Municipal Association of South Carolina is designated the municipal agent for purposes of administration of the municipal broker's premium tax.

SECTION 5. Business License Taxes Applicable to Telecommunication Companies.

a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Current Business License Ordinance, the business license tax for "retail telecommunications services," as defined in S. C. Code Section 58-9-2200, shall be at the maximum rate authorized by S. C. Code Section 58-9-2220, as it now provides or as provided by its amendment. Declining rates shall not apply.

- b) The business license tax year for retail telecommunications services shall begin on January 1 of each year. The business license tax for retail telecommunications services shall be due on January 1 of each year and payable by January 31 of that year, without penalty. The delinquent penalty shall be five percent (5%) of the tax due for each month, or portion thereof, after the due date until paid.
- c) In conformity with S.C. Code Section 58-9-2220, the business license tax for "retail telecommunications services" shall apply to the gross income derived from the sale of retail telecommunications services for the preceding calendar or fiscal year which either originate or terminate in the municipality and which are charged to a service address within the municipality regardless of where these amounts are billed or paid and on which a business license tax has not been paid to another municipality. The measurement of the amounts derived from the retail sale of mobile telecommunications services shall include only revenues from the fixed monthly recurring charge of customers whose service address is within the boundaries of the municipality. For a business in operation for less than one year, the amount of business license tax shall be computed on a twelve-month projected income.
- d) Nothing in this Ordinance shall be interpreted to interfere with continuing obligations of any franchise agreement or contractual agreement. All fees collected under such a franchise or contractual agreement shall be in lieu of fees or taxes which might otherwise be authorized by this Ordinance.

SECTION 6. No Exemption for Interstate Commerce. Properly apportioned gross income from interstate commerce shall be included in the gross income for every business subject to a business license tax.

SECTION 7. LRS to Appoint Business License Official and to Designate Appeals Board. Pursuant to the Agreement, LRS is hereby authorized to appoint one or more individuals (each, an "<u>LRS</u><u>Business License Official</u>") to act as the Municipality's business license official for purposes of administering Statewide Business License Taxes. In addition, LRS is hereby authorized pursuant to the Agreement to designate an appeals board (the "<u>Appeals Board</u>") for purposes of appeals arising with respect to such taxes. The LRS Business License Official so appointed and the Appeals Board so designated shall have all of the powers granted to the Municipality's business license official and appeals board under the Current Business License Ordinance, except as may be modified by this ordinance.

SECTION 8. Appeals Process. With respect to the calculation, assessment, and collection of Statewide Business License Taxes, in lieu of the appeals process described in the Current Business License Ordinance, the following appeals process required by S.C. Code Section 6-1-410 shall apply:

a) If a taxpayer fails or refuses to pay a Statewide Business License Tax by the date on which it is due, the LRS Business License Official may serve notice of assessment of the Statewide Business License Tax due on the taxpayer by mail or personal service. Within thirty days

after the date of postmark or personal service, a taxpayer may request, in writing with reasons stated, an adjustment of the assessment. An informal conference between the LRS Business License Official and the taxpayer must be held within fifteen days of the receipt of the request, at which time the taxpayer may present any information or documents in support of the requested adjustment. Within five days after the conference, the LRS Business License Official shall issue a notice of final assessment and serve the taxpayer by mail or personal service with the notice and provide a form for any further appeal of the assessment by the taxpayer.

- b) Within thirty days after the date of postmark or personal service, the taxpayer may appeal the notice of final assessment by filing a completed appeal form with the LRS Business License Official, by mail or personal service, and by paying to LRS in protest at least eighty percent of the business license tax based on the final assessment. The appeal must be heard and determined by the Appeals Board. The Appeals Board shall provide the taxpayer with written notice of the hearing and with any rules of evidence or procedure prescribed by the Appeals Board. The hearing must be held within thirty days after receipt of the appeal form unless continued to another date by agreement of the parties. A hearing by the Appeals Board must be held at a regular or specially called meeting of the Appeals Board. At the appeals hearing, the taxpayer and LRS have the right to be represented by counsel, to present testimony and evidence, and to cross-examine witnesses. The hearing must be recorded and must be transcribed at the expense of the party so requesting. The Appeals Board shall decide the assessment by majority vote. The Appeals Board shall issue a written decision explaining the basis for the decision with findings of fact and conclusions and shall inform the taxpayer of the right to request a contested case hearing before the Administrative Law Court. The written decision must be filed with the LRS Business License Official and served on the taxpayer by mail or personal service. The decision is the final decision of LRS on the assessment.
- c) Within thirty days after the date of postmark or personal service of LRS's written decision on the assessment, a taxpayer may appeal the decision to the Administrative Law Court in accordance with the rules of the Administrative Law Court.

SECTION 9. Repealer, Effective Date. All ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed. This ordinance shall be effective on the date of final reading.

Mayor

ATTEST:

Clerk

First reading: _____

Final reading: _____

LOCAL REVENUE SERVICES AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into this _____ day of ______ A.D., 20____, by and among the Municipal Association of South Carolina (the "<u>Association</u>") and all the parties who are now or may hereafter become participants ("<u>Participants</u>") in South Carolina Local Revenue Services, a division of the Association ("<u>LRS</u>"),

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, certain governmental functions may be more efficiently and effectively provided in cooperation with other governments, particularly when the sharing of such functions may deliver economies of scale, avoid redundancies in staffing, facilitate intergovernmental communication and coordination, benefit the citizens and taxpayers of the State by offering single points of contact, and allow retention of highly trained and specialized staff or private contractors in situations in which it would not be cost effective for a single government to retain such professionals;

WHEREAS, Article VIII, sec. 13 of the South Carolina Constitution provides that any incorporated municipality "may agree with . . . any other political subdivision for the joint administration of any function and exercise of powers and the sharing of the costs thereof," and that "[n]othing in this Constitution may be construed to prohibit the State or any of its counties, incorporated municipalities, or other political subdivisions from agreeing to share the lawful cost, responsibility, and administration of functions with any one or more governments, whether within or without this State;"

WHEREAS, S.C. Code § 4-9-41(A) provides that any "incorporated municipality ... may provide for the joint administration of any function and exercise of powers as authorized by Section 13 of Article VIII of the South Carolina Constitution;"

WHEREAS, certain municipalities in the State have determined that it would be effective and efficient to jointly perform certain functions, including without limitation the business license functions more fully described below;

WHEREAS, LRS is a division of the Association and a committee of the board of directors of the Association and will establish or continue one or more Revenue Service Programs (as hereinafter defined); and

WHEREAS, the Participants, through action of their respective governing bodies, have elected to comply with the conditions of this Agreement and to authorize LRS to perform the functions and exercise the powers herein described;

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual covenants, promises, and obligations herein contained, which are given to and accepted by each signatory hereof to the other, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

- (a) "Appeals Board" means the board created pursuant to Section 8 hereof for purposes of hearing and determining appeals under this Agreement.
- (b) "Association" means the Municipal Association of South Carolina.
- (c) "Gross Proceeds" means, with respect to any Revenue Service Program and for any period of calculation, the total amount of Impositions collected by LRS during such period.
- (d) "Imposition" means any tax, fee, rate, charge, fine, penalty, or interest charge that has been lawfully imposed by a Participant and for which a Revenue Service Program has been established. Such Impositions include, without limitation, Statewide Business License Taxes.
- (e) "LRS" means South Carolina Local Revenue Services, established by this Agreement.
- (f) "LRS Board of Directors" means the board of directors of LRS.
- (g) "LRS Business License Official" shall mean the person designated from time to time by the LRS Board of Directors to act as the business license official (as such term in used in S.C. Code §§ 6-1-400 to -420) with respect to one or more Revenue Service Programs. The LRS Board of Directors may, but need not, designate different persons as the LRS Business License Official for different Revenue Service Programs.
- (h) "Participant" means a local government that has become a participant in LRS by applying to LRS for admission and, if approved, accepting the terms of participation in LRS by ordinance and signing this Agreement in counterpart.
- (i) "Net Proceeds" means, with respect to any Revenue Service Program and for any period of calculation, the amount of Gross Proceeds that remain for distribution to Participants after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses (including, without limitation, LRS's compensation) for such period.
- (j) "Revenue Service Programs" means any one or more programs established or continued by LRS to administer, assess, collect, and enforce Impositions. Such Revenue Service Programs may include, without limitation, programs for the administration, assessment, collection, and enforcement of Statewide Business License Taxes.
- (k) "S.C. Code" means the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended.
- (I) "State" means the State of South Carolina.
- (m) "Statewide Business License Taxes" means business license taxes that, pursuant to the S.C. Code, are applicable in a manner or at a rate that applies throughout the State. Such business license taxes include without limitation the business license taxes applicable to insurers under Title 38, Chapter 7 of the S.C. Code; to brokers under Title 38, Chapter 45 of the S.C. Code; to telecommunications companies under Title 58, Chapter 9, Article 20 of the S.C. Code; and such other business license taxes as may now or hereafter be made

applicable throughout the State in a manner or at a rate that has been established by State law.

Section 2. Authorization of LRS. The municipalities that are initial signatories hereto do hereby establish LRS and authorize it to perform the functions and exercise the powers described in this Agreement. The functions to be performed hereunder are more specifically described in Section 5 below and the powers to be exercised are more specifically described in Section 6 below. The Participants, regardless of their respective dates of admission to LRS, further agree as follows:

- (a) The functions and powers described in this Agreement would be more efficiently and effectively performed and exercised in cooperation with other governments through LRS;
- (b) The Participants shall comply with the conditions of this Agreement and, by joining LRS, shall jointly perform the functions and exercise the powers herein described by contract with LRS.

Section 3. Participation. The right to participate in LRS shall be limited to local governments within the State. A qualifying entity may become a Participant by applying to LRS for admission and, if approved, accepting the terms of participation in LRS by ordinance and signing this Agreement in counterpart. LRS shall be sole judge of whether an applicant shall be admitted as a Participant. A Participant may be suspended or expelled by the LRS Board of Directors from LRS, provided that such suspension or expulsion shall not be effective until 30 days after written notice of suspension or expulsion has been mailed to it.

Section 4. LRS Board of Directors. LRS shall be governed by a Board of Directors containing five Directors. The members of the Association's Executive Committee (comprising the President, First Vice President, Second Vice President, Third Vice President, and Immediate Past President of the Association) shall serve *ex officio* as Directors of LRS, with terms of office coterminous with their terms as officers of the Association. The President of the Association, or in his or her absence the First Vice President of the Association, shall serve as chair at meetings of the LRS Board of Directors. With respect to LRS's officers, the members of the LRS Board of Directors shall occupy the same offices as they do with respect to the Association.

Section 5. Functions of LRS. LRS may, and at the direction of and subject to the control of the LRS Board of Directors shall, establish or continue one or more Revenue Service Programs including, without limitation, for the administration, assessment, collection, and enforcement of Statewide Business License Taxes and other Impositions related to Statewide Business License Taxes. LRS's functions with respect to the Revenue Service Programs shall include, without limitation, training employees; developing resources to assist business license functions; making necessary investigations into entities or individuals subject to Impositions; developing databases for the application, calculation, allocation, and distribution of Impositions; establishing procedures for determining and calculating the amounts due as Impositions; communicating with entities or individuals subject to Impositions; collecting current and delinquent Impositions; initiating, defending, managing, resolving, and settling disputes or litigation matters that affect more than one Participant; and acquiring, licensing, developing, improving, maintaining, and protecting software and other information technology infrastructure.

Section 6. Powers of LRS. LRS shall have the following powers:

- (a) adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business and prescribe rules and policies and promulgate regulations in connection with the performance of its functions and duties;
- (b) adopt an official seal and alter it at its pleasure;
- (c) maintain an office at a place it determines;
- (d) sue and be sued in its own name and plead and be impleaded;
- (e) require documentation of amounts due from taxpayers, including without limitation by requiring reconciliation reports in which the taxpayer provides sufficient information to verify whether revenues of the taxpayer are appropriate for exclusion as non-municipal revenues and to determine the proper allocation of Impositions among Participants;
- (f) receive, administer, and comply with the conditions and requirements of a gift, grant, or donation of property or money;
- (g) acquire by purchase, lease, gift, or otherwise, or obtain options for the acquisition of, any property, real or personal, improved or unimproved, including an interest in land less than the fee thereof in conformity with state law;
- (h) sell, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of, or grant options for any such purposes with respect to, any real or personal property or interest therein in conformity with state law;
- make and execute contracts, agreements, or other undertakings with such agents, service contractors, persons, firms, corporations, and attorneys as it deems appropriate to performs its functions and exercise its powers;
- (j) acquire, license, develop, improve, maintain, and protect software and other information technology infrastructure;
- (k) employ professionals, support staff, attorneys, appraisers, financial advisors, and other consultants and employees as required in the judgment of LRS and fix and pay their compensation from funds available to LRS for that purpose;
- (I) transact any lawful business that will aid the purposes and functions of LRS;
- (m) make payments or donations, or do any other act, not inconsistent with law, that furthers the business and affairs of LRS; and
- (n) do all things necessary or convenient, not inconsistent with law, to further the activities and affairs of LRS

Section 7. Attorney-in-Fact Designation; Dispute Resolution and Conduct of Litigation. Each Participant hereby appoints LRS and its designees as its agent and attorney-in-fact to act on its behalf with respect to Impositions. As agent and attorney-in-fact, LRS shall be fully empowered to initiate, defend, manage, resolve, and settle any disputes or litigation (whether in its own name or in the name of the Participants) relating to Impositions owing or payable to one or more Participants; to pay all expenses, costs, and judgments that might be incurred against LRS when acting on behalf of its Participants for communication, investigation, negotiation, enforcement, defense, or settlement with respect to Impositions; and to take all other actions as may be necessary to administer, collect, investigate, enforce, and implement the Revenue Service Programs. Each Participant, pursuant to Rule 17 of the S. C. Rules of Civil Procedure and Rule 17 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, specifically acknowledges the standing of LRS to prosecute a civil action for collection in its behalf and hereby ratifies any such action that LRS may commence.

The LRS Board of Directors may, by majority vote, authorize a third party (including without limitation the Association) to act as attorney-in-fact to the same extent as set forth in this section on behalf of the Participants.

LRS's authority to initiate, defend, manage, resolve, and settle disputes and litigation shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

- (a) If, with respect to any particular dispute, a proposed compromise or settlement would reduce the amount asserted by LRS to be payable to an individual Participant by more than ten percent (10%) of the total amount remitted by LRS to such Participant in the immediately preceding year for the relevant Revenue Service Program, then, notwithstanding subsections 7(b) and 7(c) below, LRS shall be required to secure the written consent of such Participant before compromising or settling such dispute with respect to such Participant. Otherwise, LRS shall be entitled to compromise or settle such dispute on behalf of each Participant without further authorization by such Participants beyond that contained herein.
- (b) Any proposed compromise or settlement that would result in a reduction of \$100,000 or less from the amount originally claimed to be due and owing by LRS may be approved or denied by LRS without separate approval by the LRS Board of Directors. The LRS Board of Directors shall, by appropriate action from time to time, designate one or more staff members or contractual counterparties who are authorized to compromise or settle such disputes.
- (c) Any proposed compromise or settlement that would result in a reduction of more than \$100,000 from the amount originally claimed to be due and owing by LRS must be approved or denied by the LRS Board of Directors.

(d) Any proposed compromise or settlement that would result in a waiver of penalties, interest, late charges, or other amounts owing due to late payment of an Imposition must be approved or denied by the LRS Board of Directors.

Section 8. Appeals Process. The Participants acknowledge that, pursuant to local ordinances, regulations, and rules, each Participant has its own procedures by which matters relating to the calculation, assessment, and collection of business license taxes may be appealed. With respect to Impositions subject to this Agreement, however, each Participant has enacted a local ordinance by which appeals relating to such Impositions are excluded from the otherwise applicable local ordinance. Each Participant agrees that the appeals process described in this Section shall apply to all appeals relating to Impositions subject to this Agreement. Each Participant hereby consents to the adoption of the appeals process described in this Section; specifically declares its intention that such appeals process shall be deemed an exception to its otherwise applicable local ordinances, regulations, and rules; and agrees that it has or will approve such appeals process by appropriate local action.

- (a) There is hereby created a board for purposes of hearing appeals pursuant to this Section (the "<u>Appeals Board</u>"). The Appeals Board shall contain three members. The President of the Association, the Executive Director of the Association, and the President of the South Carolina Business Licensing Officials Association ("<u>BLOA</u>") shall each serve *ex officio* as members of the Appeals Board, with terms of office coterminous with their terms as officers of the Association or BLOA, as appropriate. The President of the Association, or in his or her absence the Executive Director of the Association, shall serve as chair at meetings of the Appeals Board.
- (b) With respect to the calculation, assessment, and collection of Impositions, the following appeals process, as required by Section 6-1-410, shall apply.
 - (1) If a taxpayer fails or refuses to pay an Imposition by the date on which such Imposition is due, the LRS Business License Official may serve notice of assessment of the Imposition due on the taxpayer by mail or personal service. Within thirty days after the date of postmark or personal service, a taxpayer may request, in writing with reasons stated, an adjustment of the assessment. An informal conference between the LRS Business License Official and the taxpayer must be held within fifteen days of the receipt of the request, at which time the taxpayer may present any information or documents in support of the requested adjustment. Within five days after the conference, the LRS Business License Official shall issue a notice of final assessment and serve the taxpayer by mail or personal service with the notice and provide a form for any further appeal of the assessment by the taxpayer.
 - (2) Within thirty days after the date of postmark or personal service, the taxpayer may appeal the notice of final assessment by filing a completed appeal form with the LRS Business License Official, by mail or personal service, and by paying to LRS

in protest at least eighty percent of the business license tax based on the final assessment. The appeal must be heard and determined by the Appeals Board. The Appeals Board shall provide the taxpayer with written notice of the hearing and with any rules of evidence or procedure prescribed by the Appeals Board. The hearing must be held within thirty days after receipt of the appeal form unless continued to another date by agreement of the parties. A hearing by the Appeals Board must be held at a regular or specially called meeting of the Appeals Board. At the appeals hearing, the taxpayer and LRS have the right to be represented by counsel, to present testimony and evidence, and to cross-examine witnesses. The hearing must be recorded and must be transcribed at the expense of the party so requesting. The Appeals Board shall decide the assessment by majority vote. The Appeals Board shall issue a written decision explaining the basis for the decision with findings of fact and conclusions and shall inform the taxpayer of the right to request a contested case hearing before the Administrative Law Court. The written decision must be filed with the LRS Business License Official and served on the taxpayer by mail or personal service. The decision is the final decision of LRS on the assessment.

(3) Within thirty days after the date of postmark or personal service of LRS's written decision on the assessment, a taxpayer may appeal the decision to the Administrative Law Court in accordance with the rules of the Administrative Law Court.

Section 9. LRS May Be Separately Organized. Hereafter, the LRS Board of Directors may determine, for corporate governance, recordkeeping, and operational purposes, that LRS should be established as a separate entity, either under the South Carolina Nonprofit Corporation Act, currently codified at Title 33, Chapter 31 of the S.C. Code, or otherwise. If the LRS Board of Directors so determines, it may take all such actions as may be necessary to organize LRS as a separate entity without further approval by the Participants, provided that such organization shall not otherwise vary or modify the terms of this Agreement except to the extent necessary to reflect the new organizational structure of LRS.

<u>Section 10. Participation in a Revenue Service Program</u>. A Participant may elect to participate in a Revenue Service Program by signing and delivering a separate supplement to this Agreement with respect to such Revenue Service Program (each, a "<u>Participant Program Supplement</u>"). The Participant Program Supplements shall be substantially identical within each Revenue Service Program. The form of the Participant Program Supplement is attached hereto as <u>Appendix A</u>.

Section 11. Collection of Impositions; Distributions; Payment for Services; Prohibition on Lobbying Activity.

(a) LRS shall collect, subject to the Participant Program Supplements, all Impositions subject to this Agreement.

- (b) The Participants will compensate LRS for its services. Initially, such compensation shall be in the amount of four percent of Gross Proceeds collected for the benefit of each Participant within each Revenue Service Program, subject to any volume discount approved from time to time by the LRS Board of Directors, together with any interest earned on funds held on deposit prior to disbursement. The Participants acknowledge that this amount represents operating expenses payable to LRS for services rendered. For accounting and recordkeeping purposes, LRS will apply this rate to each Participant separately within each Revenue Service Program. Hereafter, and notwithstanding Section 13 below, the LRS Board of Directors by majority vote may amend the compensation method by giving notice to all participating Participants at least ninety days prior to the effective date of such amendment. Such amendment shall become effective after the ninety-day notice period with respect to each Participant without further action by such Participant, provided that such Participant may withdraw from participation at any time within ninety days after notice of the amendment is provided.
- (c) LRS will regularly, and not less than once in each calendar quarter, distribute the Net Proceeds to Participants.
- (d) No funds or personnel of LRS may be used or employed to influence any election; support or oppose any partisan organization; support or oppose the enactment, repeal, or modification of any federal or state legislation; or seek to influence any federal or state local government officials in the discharge of their official functions.

Section 12. Fiscal Year. LRS shall operate on a fiscal year from 12:01 a.m. January 1 of each year to 12:00 midnight December 31 of the succeeding year (the "<u>LRS Year</u>"). Application for participation, when approved in writing by LRS shall constitute a continuing contract for each succeeding LRS Year unless cancelled by LRS.

Section 13. Amendment. This Agreement may be amended by an agreement executed by those Participants constituting a majority of the Participants in LRS during the current LRS Year. In lieu of this amendment procedure, the Participants hereby appoint a 4/5 majority (i.e., at least four Directors) of the LRS Board of Directors agents to make any amendments to this Agreement that would not fundamentally alter the contemplated arrangement. Written notice of any amendment proposed for adoption by the LRS Board of Directors shall be mailed to each Participant not less than 30 days in advance. Written notice of amendments finally adopted by the LRS Board of Directors shall be mailed to each Participant not more than 30 days after adoption.

<u>Section 14. Terms Applicable on Admission.</u> Any entity that formally applies to participate in LRS and is accepted by LRS shall thereupon become a party to this Agreement and be bound by all of the terms and conditions hereof. A Participant may withdraw from participation by delivery of written notice of withdrawal at least 90 days prior to the end of an LRS Year, to be effective as of the end of such LRS Year.

Section 15. Term; Dissolution. LRS has been established with the bona fide intention that it shall be continued in operation indefinitely and that the contributions to LRS shall continue for an indefinite period. However, the LRS Board of Directors reserves the right at any time to terminate LRS by a written instrument to that effect executed by at least four-fifths (4/5) of the members of the LRS Board of Directors. Such written termination notice shall be delivered to each Participant no less than 120 days prior to the effective date of termination. In the event of such termination, Participant contributions shall cease as of the date of termination and the assets then remaining in the fund shall continue to be used and applied, to the extent available, for the (a) payment of claims arising prior to such termination and (b) payment of reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in such termination. Any monies or other assets thereafter remaining in LRS shall be distributed pro rata to the Participants in LRS as of the day of termination. In no event shall any such assets be returned or distributed to any individual. Upon such termination, the LRS Board of Directors shall continue to serve for such period of time and to the extent necessary to effectuate termination of LRS.

[signatures appear on following page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Participants listed below acknowledge their participation in LRS and acceptance of obligations thereunder, by the due execution hereof, following appropriate governmental body approval, by its mayor or other duly authorized official. Further, LRS has caused these presents to be signed by its President and attested by its Vice President.

MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

B. Todd Glover, Executive Director

LOCAL REVENUE SERVICES, A DIVISION OF THE MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Mayor Rick Osbon, President of LRS

ATTEST:

Mayor Barbara Blain-Bellamy, Vice President of LRS

PARTICIPANT SIGNATURE PAGE

TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA

Name: Alan Perry Title: Mayor Town of Hilton Head Island

ATTEST:

Name: Kimberly Gammon Title: Town of Hilton Head Island Town Council Clerk

APPENDIX A: FORM OF PARTICIPANT PROGRAM SUPPLEMENT

WHEREAS, the Town of Hilton Head Island (the "<u>Municipality</u>") has applied for and been approved to participate in South Carolina Local Revenue Services ("<u>LRS</u>");

WHEREAS, the Municipality has executed a counterpart of the Local Revenue Services Agreement (the "<u>Agreement</u>") by and among itself and all other participants in LRS;

WHEREAS, capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein have the meaning given to such terms in the Agreement;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Agreement, LRS has established Revenue Service Programs for Statewide Business Licenses and other Impositions; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality now desires to agree to participate in one or more Revenue Service Programs;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Municipality hereby agrees with LRS as follows:

Section 1. Participation in Revenue Service Programs. The Municipality hereby elects and agrees to participate in the following Revenue Service Programs: ITP / BTP / TTP.

Section 2. Term. This Participant Program Supplement is effective until December 31, 2023, and shall continue from year-to-year thereafter until terminated by either party upon notice delivered in writing given at least 90 days prior to the next upcoming December 31.

Section 3. Payment for Services. The Municipality agrees that it will compensate LRS for its services as set forth in the Agreement. Initially, such compensation shall be in the amount of four percent of Gross Proceeds collected for the benefit of the Municipality within each Revenue Service Program, subject to any volume discount approved from time to time by the LRS Board of Directors, together with any interest earned on funds held on deposit prior to disbursement. The Municipality acknowledges that this amount represents operating expenses payable to LRS for services rendered. For accounting and recordkeeping purposes, LRS will apply this rate to the Municipality separately within each Revenue Service Program.

Section 4. Expenses; Fund Accounting. (a) The rate for services established herein shall be inclusive of all administrative expenses of LRS, except legal expenses incurred in connection with the services rendered. Legal expenses incurred by LRS are not included in the base rate and shall be prorated to all Participants in direct relationship to the disbursements of the Revenue Service Program to which the legal expenses relate.

(b) LRS will deposit all funds received in an appropriate account for which accurate records will be maintained. Business license taxes collected for the Municipality, less the service charge herein agreed to, will be disbursed to the Municipality on or before March 1 of each calendar year and thereafter as remaining collections permit.

Section 5. Special Provisions for BTP. (a) Pursuant to Title 38, Chapter 45 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (the "Brokers Insurance Statute"), the Municipality designates the Municipal

Association of South Carolina as the municipal agent to act on behalf of the municipality for the purposes of the Brokers Insurance Statute.

(b) The Brokers Insurance Statute governs the receipt from the South Carolina Department of Insurance ("<u>DOI</u>") and distribution to the Municipality of all municipal premium taxes from brokers for non-admitted surplus lines insurance. Upon receipt of the taxes from the DOI, LRS will deposit all funds received in an appropriate account for which accurate records will be maintained. Taxes will be disbursed to the Municipality, less the service charge herein agreed to, as collections permit.

PARTICIPANT PROGRAM SUPPLEMENT

WHEREAS, the Town of Hilton Head Island (the "<u>Municipality</u>") has applied for and been approved to participate in South Carolina Local Revenue Services ("<u>LRS</u>");

WHEREAS, the Municipality has executed a counterpart of the Local Revenue Services Agreement (the "<u>Agreement</u>") by and among itself and all other participants in LRS;

WHEREAS, capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein have the meaning given to such terms in the Agreement;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Agreement, LRS has established Revenue Service Programs for Statewide Business Licenses and other Impositions; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality now desires to agree to participate in one or more Revenue Service Programs;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Municipality hereby agrees with LRS as follows:

Section 1. Participation in Revenue Service Programs. The Municipality hereby elects and agrees to participate in the following Revenue Service Programs: ITP / BTP / TTP.

Section 2. Term. This Participant Program Supplement is effective until December 31, 2023, and shall continue from year-to-year thereafter until terminated by either party upon notice delivered in writing given at least 90 days prior to the next upcoming December 31.

Section 3. Payment for Services. The Municipality agrees that it will compensate LRS for its services as set forth in the Agreement. Initially, such compensation shall be in the amount of four percent of Gross Proceeds collected for the benefit of the Municipality within each Revenue Service Program, subject to any volume discount approved from time to time by the LRS Board of Directors, together with any interest earned on funds held on deposit prior to disbursement. The Municipality acknowledges that this amount represents operating expenses payable to LRS for services rendered. For accounting and recordkeeping purposes, LRS will apply this rate to the Municipality separately within each Revenue Service Program.

Section 4. Expenses; Fund Accounting. (a) The rate for services established herein shall be inclusive of all administrative expenses of LRS, except legal expenses incurred in connection with the services rendered. Legal expenses incurred by LRS are not included in the base rate and shall be prorated to all Participants in direct relationship to the disbursements of the Revenue Service Program to which the legal expenses relate.

(b) LRS will deposit all funds received in an appropriate account for which accurate records will be maintained. Business license taxes collected for the Municipality, less the service charge herein agreed to, will be disbursed to the Municipality on or before March 1 of each calendar year and thereafter as remaining collections permit.

Section 5. Special Provisions for BTP. (a) Pursuant to Title 38, Chapter 45 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (the "Brokers Insurance Statute"), the Municipality designates the Municipal

Association of South Carolina as the municipal agent to act on behalf of the municipality for the purposes of the Brokers Insurance Statute.

(b) The Brokers Insurance Statute governs the receipt from the South Carolina Department of Insurance ("<u>DOI</u>") and distribution to the Municipality of all municipal premium taxes from brokers for non-admitted surplus lines insurance. Upon receipt of the taxes from the DOI, LRS will deposit all funds received in an appropriate account for which accurate records will be maintained. Taxes will be disbursed to the Municipality, less the service charge herein agreed to, as collections permit.

TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA

Name: Title:

ATTEST:

Name: Title:



Finance & Administrative Committee July 18, 2023

Municipal Association's Local Revenue Service Collection Programs The Town has participated in the Municipal Association's Collection Programs for many years for certain business license taxes.

These programs include:

✓ Insurance Tax Collection Program

- ✓ Brokers Tax Collection Program
- ✓ Telecommunications Tax Collection Program

The Town has collected nearly \$4,000,000 in revenue in 2023 through the Association's Collection Programs. The Municipal Association has collectively rebranded these programs as Local Revenue Services and renamed the three business license programs to:

- ✓ Insurance Tax Program (ITP)
- ✓ Brokers Tax Program (BTP)
- ✓ Telecommunications Tax Program (TTP)

Following the adoption of Act 176 of 2020 which standardized business licensing in South Carolina, the Town was required to adopt the new business license model ordinance.

The rebranding of the Association's Collection Programs and the adoption of the new Business License Model Ordinance in 2021 requires the Town to update the collection program ordinance and agreement by which the Town may participate in Local Revenue Services.

- The updated ordinance, agreement, and supplement will not change the operation of the Local Revenue Services Collection Programs for the Town.
 - ✓ The Municipal Association will continue to administer and collect business license taxes within ITP, BTP, and TTP.
 - ✓ The rates for the Municipal Association's services will remain the same.
 - The distributions of collected amounts will be made in the manner as they are now.



- The changes to the Local Revenue Services Collection Programs are as follows:
 - ✓ The new agreement is an intergovernmental agreement among all participating governments, rather than a series of standalone agreements.
 - Local Revenue Services will act in its own name as a division of the Municipal Association's Board of Directors.
 - ✓ The terms on which the Municipal Association is delegated the authority to resolve litigation on behalf of its members have been clarified.
 - ✓ An appeals process, as required by and consistent with Act 176, has been formally adopted.

- Staff recommends the Finance and Administrative Committee consider the proposed ordinance and agreements by which the Town may participate in the Municipal Association's Local Revenue Services Collection Programs and forward a recommendation to Town Council.
- First reading of ordinance will occur in August 2023.
- Second and final reading of ordinance will occur in September 2023.





QUESTIONS?

Finance & Administrative Committee July 18, 2023

Municipal Association's Local Revenue Service Collection Programs